

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

- 1.1 Product identifier:** ORS307P-0.9L
Other means of identification:
UFI: YHK0-N0S8-100M-XKFP
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:**
 Relevant uses: Hardener for coatings. For professional users only.
 Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3
- 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:**
 Inter Cars S.A.
 ul. Powsińska 64
 02-903 Warszawa - Polska
 kontakt@intercars.com
 www.intercars.com
- 1.4 Emergency telephone number:**

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

- 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:**
CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:
 Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.
 Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity, Category 4, H312+H332
 Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 3, H412
 Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard, Category 1, H304
 Eye Irrit. 2: Eye irritation, Category 2, H319
 Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226
 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315
 Skin Sens. 1: Sensitisation, skin, Category 1, H317
 STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity — Repeated exposure, Hazard Category 2 (Oral), H373
 STOT SE 3: Respiratory tract toxicity, single exposure, Category 3, H335

2.2 Label elements:

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Danger



Hazard statements:

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
 H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
 H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.
 H315 - Causes skin irritation.
 H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
 H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
 H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral).
 H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
 P260: Do not breathe vapours
 P280: Wear protective gloves/face protection/protective clothing/respiratory protection/protective footwear.
 P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
 P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with regulations on hazardous waste or packaging and packaging waste respectively.

Supplementary information:



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SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (continued)

EUH204: Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

Substances that contribute to the classification

Xylene; Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers; Toluene diisocyanate, oligomeric reaction products with 2,2'-oxydiethanol and propylidene-trimethanol (<0.1 % O=C=N-R-N=C=O); Ethylbenzene

Additional Labelling:

As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use.

UFI: YHK0-N0S8-100M-XKFP

2.3 Other hazards:

Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria

Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substance:

Non-applicable

3.2 Mixture:

Chemical description: Mixture composed of chemical products

Components:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 Index: 601-022-00-9 REACH: 01-2119488216-32-XXXX	Xylene⁽¹⁾ Self-classified	30 - <40 %
	Regulation 1272/2008 Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	
CAS: 28182-81-2 EC: 931-274-8 Index: Non-applicable REACH: 01-2119485796-17-XXXX	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers⁽¹⁾ Self-classified	20 - <30 %
	Regulation 1272/2008 Acute Tox. 4: H332; Skin Sens. 1: H317; STOT SE 3: H335 - Warning	
CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1 Index: 607-025-00-1 REACH: 01-2119485493-29-XXXX	N-butyl acetate⁽¹⁾ ATP CLP00	10 - <15 %
	Regulation 1272/2008 Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Warning	
CAS: 53317-61-6 EC: 500-120-8 Index: Non-applicable REACH: Non-applicable	Toluene diisocyanate, oligomeric reaction products with 2,2'-oxydiethanol and propylidene-trimethanol (<0.1 % O=C=N-R-N=C=O)⁽¹⁾ Self-classified	2,5 - <10 %
	Regulation 1272/2008 Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Skin Sens. 1: H317 - Warning	
CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9 Index: 607-195-00-7 REACH: 01-2119475791-29-XXXX	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate⁽²⁾ ATP ATP01	5 - <10 %
	Regulation 1272/2008 Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Warning	
CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4 Index: 601-023-00-4 REACH: 01-2119489370-35-XXXX	Ethylbenzene⁽¹⁾ ATP ATP06	2,5 - <10 %
	Regulation 1272/2008 Acute Tox. 4: H332; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT RE 2: H373 - Danger	
CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4 Index: 607-022-00-5 REACH: 01-2119475103-46-XXXX	Ethyl acetate⁽¹⁾ ATP CLP00	<5 %
	Regulation 1272/2008 Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger	

⁽¹⁾ Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878

⁽²⁾ Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

Acute toxicity estimate for the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 or as determined in accordance with Annex I to that Regulation:

**SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (continued)**

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
	LD50 oral	LD50 dermal	
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	Not relevant		
		1100 mg/kg	Rat
		11 mg/L (ATEi)	
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers CAS: 28182-81-2 EC: 931-274-8	Not relevant		
		Not relevant	
		11 mg/L (ATEi)	

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**4.1 Description of first aid measures:**

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case removal could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS for the product.

By ingestion/aspiration:

Request medical assistance immediately, showing the SDS of this product. Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. In the case of loss of consciousness do not administer anything orally unless supervised by a doctor. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion. Keep the person affected at rest.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Not relevant

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**5.1 Extinguishing media:****Suitable extinguishing media:**

Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC)

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) in accordance with Directive 89/654/EC.

Additional provisions:

**SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES (continued)**

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:****For non-emergency personnel:**

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

For emergency responders:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**7.1 Precautions for safe handling:****A.- General precautions for safe use**

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 2014/34/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:**A.- Specific storage requirements**

Minimum Temp.: 5 °C

Maximum Temp.: 25 °C

Maximum time: 9 Months



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SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace (European OEL, not country-specific legislation):

Directive (EU) 2000/39, Directive 2004/37/EC, Directive (EU) 2006/15, Directive (EU) 2009/161, Directive (EU) 2017/164, Directive (EU) 2019/1831:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
	IOELV (8h)	IOELV (STEL)	IOELV (STEL)
Xylene ⁽¹⁾ CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	50 ppm	221 mg/m ³	442 mg/m ³
	100 ppm	442 mg/m ³	
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	50 ppm	241 mg/m ³	723 mg/m ³
	150 ppm	723 mg/m ³	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate ⁽¹⁾ CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	50 ppm	275 mg/m ³	550 mg/m ³
	100 ppm	550 mg/m ³	
Ethylbenzene ⁽¹⁾ CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	100 ppm	442 mg/m ³	884 mg/m ³
	200 ppm	884 mg/m ³	
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4	200 ppm	734 mg/m ³	1468 mg/m ³
	400 ppm	1468 mg/m ³	

⁽¹⁾ Skin

DNEL (Workers):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	212 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	442 mg/m ³	442 mg/m ³	221 mg/m ³	221 mg/m ³
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers CAS: 28182-81-2 EC: 931-274-8	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	1 mg/m ³	Not relevant	0,5 mg/m ³
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	11 mg/kg	Not relevant	11 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	600 mg/m ³	300 mg/m ³	300 mg/m ³
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	796 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	550 mg/m ³	275 mg/m ³	Not relevant
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	180 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	293 mg/m ³	77 mg/m ³	Not relevant
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	63 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	1468 mg/m ³	1468 mg/m ³	734 mg/m ³	734 mg/m ³

DNEL (General population):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	12,5 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	125 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	260 mg/m ³	65,3 mg/m ³	65,3 mg/m ³



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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	Oral	2 mg/kg	Not relevant	2 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	6 mg/kg	Not relevant	6 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	300 mg/m ³	35,7 mg/m ³	35,7 mg/m ³
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	36 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	320 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	33 mg/m ³	33 mg/m ³
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	1,6 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	15 mg/m ³	Not relevant
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	4,5 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	37 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	734 mg/m ³	734 mg/m ³	367 mg/m ³	367 mg/m ³

PNEC:

Identification				
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	STP	6,58 mg/L	Fresh water	0,327 mg/L
	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Marine water	0,327 mg/L
	Intermittent	0,327 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	12,46 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	12,46 mg/kg
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers CAS: 28182-81-2 EC: 931-274-8	STP	88 mg/L	Fresh water	0,127 mg/L
	Soil	53183 mg/kg	Marine water	0,013 mg/L
	Intermittent	1,27 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	266701 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	26670 mg/kg
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	STP	35,6 mg/L	Fresh water	0,18 mg/L
	Soil	0,09 mg/kg	Marine water	0,018 mg/L
	Intermittent	0,36 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0,981 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0,098 mg/kg
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	STP	100 mg/L	Fresh water	0,635 mg/L
	Soil	0,29 mg/kg	Marine water	0,064 mg/L
	Intermittent	6,35 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	3,29 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0,329 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	STP	9,6 mg/L	Fresh water	0,1 mg/L
	Soil	2,68 mg/kg	Marine water	0,01 mg/L
	Intermittent	0,1 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	13,7 mg/kg
	Oral	0,02 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	1,37 mg/kg
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4	STP	650 mg/L	Fresh water	0,24 mg/L
	Soil	0,148 mg/kg	Marine water	0,024 mg/L
	Intermittent	1,65 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	1,15 mg/kg
	Oral	0,2 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	0,115 mg/kg



8.2 Exposure controls:

A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment



As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protective Equipment, with the corresponding <<CE marking>> in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/425. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

B.- Respiratory protection

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)



Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours		EN 405:2002+A1:2010	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.

C.- Specific protection for the hands





Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	Chemical protective gloves (Material: Linear low-density polyethylene (LLDPE), Breakthrough time: > 480 min, Thickness: 0.062 mm)		EN ISO 21420:2020	Replace the gloves at any sign of deterioration.

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.



D.- Eye and face protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Face shield		EN 166:2002 EN 167:2002 EN 168:2002 EN ISO 4007:2018	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

E.- Body protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties		EN 1149-1,2,3 EN 13034:2005+A1:2009 EN ISO 13982-1:2004/A1:2010 EN ISO 6529:2013 EN ISO 6530:2005 EN ISO 13688:2013 EN 464:1994	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
 Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties		EN ISO 13287:2020 EN ISO 20345:2011 EN 13832-1:2019	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
 Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	 Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

Environmental exposure controls:

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

Appearance:

Physical state at 20 °C: Liquid

Appearance: Fluid

Colour: Colourless

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.



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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Odour:	Characteristic
Odour threshold:	Not relevant *
Volatility:	
Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	131 °C
Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	1352 Pa
Vapour pressure at 50 °C:	6310,1 Pa (6,31 kPa)
Evaporation rate at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Product description:	
Density at 20 °C:	950 - 970 kg/m ³
Relative density at 20 °C:	0,95 - 0,97
Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C:	<20,5 mm ² /s
Concentration:	Not relevant *
pH:	Not relevant *
Vapour density at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Solubility in water at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Solubility properties:	Not relevant *
Decomposition temperature:	Not relevant *
Melting point/freezing point:	Not relevant *
Flammability:	
Flash Point:	24 °C
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not relevant *
Autoignition temperature:	315 °C
Lower flammability limit:	Not available
Upper flammability limit:	Not available
Particle characteristics:	
Median equivalent diameter:	Non-applicable

9.2 Other information:**Information with regard to physical hazard classes:**

Explosive properties:	Not relevant *
Oxidising properties:	Not relevant *
Corrosive to metals:	Not relevant *
Heat of combustion:	Not relevant *
Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable components:	Not relevant *

Other safety characteristics:

Surface tension at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Refraction index:	Not relevant *

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**10.1 Reactivity:**

**SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (continued)**

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7 from Safety Data Sheet.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO₂), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:**

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for consumption. For more information see section 3
- Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

B- Inhalation (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.

C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):

- Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
- Contact with the eyes: Produces eye damage after contact.

D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

- Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.
IARC: Xylene (3); Ethylbenzene (2B)
- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

E- Sensitizing effects:

- Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- Skin: Prolonged contact with the skin can result in episodes of allergic contact dermatitis.

F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:

Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.



SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances which are classified as dangerous due to repetitive exposure. For more information see section 3.

H- Aspiration hazard:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Other information:

Not relevant

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	LD50 oral	8532 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	5100 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	30 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4	LD50 oral	4100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	20000 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation		
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	LD50 oral	12789 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	14112 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	23,4 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg (ATEi)	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (ATEi)	
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	LD50 oral	3500 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	15354 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	17,2 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers CAS: 28182-81-2 EC: 931-274-8	LD50 oral	5100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal		
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (ATEi)	

11.2 Information on other hazards:

Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

Other information

Not relevant

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.1 Toxicity:

Acute toxicity:

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	LC50	>10 - 100 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
	EC50	>10 - 100 mg/L (48 h)		Crustacean
	EC50	>10 - 100 mg/L (72 h)		Algae
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers CAS: 28182-81-2 EC: 931-274-8	LC50	Not relevant		
	EC50	Not relevant		
	EC50	1000 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae



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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
	LC50	EC50		
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	LC50	Not relevant		
	EC50	Not relevant		
	EC50	675 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	LC50	161 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	481 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia sp.	Crustacean
	EC50	Not relevant		
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	LC50	42,3 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	75 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	63 mg/L (3 h)	Chlorella vulgaris	Algae
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4	LC50	230 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	717 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	3300 mg/L (48 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae

Chronic toxicity:

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
	NOEC	EC50		
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	NOEC	1,3 mg/L	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
	NOEC	1,17 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	NOEC	Not relevant		
	NOEC	23,2 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	NOEC	47,5 mg/L	Oryzias latipes	Fish
	NOEC	100 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	NOEC	Not relevant		
	NOEC	0,96 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4	NOEC	9,65 mg/L	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	NOEC	2,4 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
	BOD5	COD	Concentration	Period
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	Not relevant
	COD	Not relevant	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	88 %
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	Not relevant
	COD	Not relevant	Period	5 days
	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	84 %
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	785 mg/L
	COD	Not relevant	Period	8 days
	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	100 %
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	Not relevant	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	90 %
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4	BOD5	1,36 g O2/g	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	1,69 g O2/g	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	0,8	% Biodegradable	83 %

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
	BCF	Pow Log
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	BCF	9
	Pow Log	2.77
	Potential	Low
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	BCF	4
	Pow Log	1.78
	Potential	Low



SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
	BCF	Pow Log
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	1	0.43
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	Low	3.15
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4	30	0.73
	Potential	Moderate

12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
	Koc	202	Henry	524,86 Pa·m ³ /mol
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	Not relevant	Moist soil	Yes
N-butyl acetate CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1	Koc	Not relevant	Henry	Not relevant
	Conclusion	Not relevant	Dry soil	Not relevant
	Surface tension	2,478E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Not relevant
Ethylbenzene CAS: 100-41-4 EC: 202-849-4	Koc	520	Henry	798,44 Pa·m ³ /mol
	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2,859E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4	Koc	59	Henry	13,58 Pa·m ³ /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2,324E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties:

Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

12.7 Other adverse effects:

Not described

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Code	Description	Waste class (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014)
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances	Hazardous

Type of waste (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014):

HP14 Ecotoxic, HP5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity, HP3 Flammable, HP6 Acute Toxicity, HP13 Sensitising, HP4 Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-hazardous residue. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. See paragraph 6.2.

Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)

Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2023 and RID 2023:



- 14.1 UN number or ID number:** UN1263
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name:** PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3
Labels: 3
- 14.4 Packing group:** III
- 14.5 Environmental hazards:** No
- 14.6 Special precautions for user**
Special regulations: 163, 367, 650
Tunnel restriction code: D/E
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
Limited quantities: 5 L
- 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:** Not relevant

Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 41-22:



- 14.1 UN number or ID number:** UN1263
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name:** PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3
Labels: 3
- 14.4 Packing group:** III
- 14.5 Marine pollutant:** No
- 14.6 Special precautions for user**
Special regulations: 163, 223, 955, 367
EmS Codes: F-E, S-E
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
Limited quantities: 5 L
Segregation group: Not relevant
- 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:** Not relevant

Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2024:



- 14.1 UN number or ID number:** UN1263
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name:** PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3
Labels: 3
- 14.4 Packing group:** III
- 14.5 Environmental hazards:** No
- 14.6 Special precautions for user**
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
- 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:** Not relevant

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:



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SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

- Article 95, REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012: Not relevant
- Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH): Not relevant
- Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Not relevant
- REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Not relevant
- Substances included in Annex XIV of REACH ("Authorisation List") and sunset date: Not relevant

Seveso III:

Section	Description	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P5c	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	5000	50000

Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH, etc):

**SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)**

Shall not be used in:

- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
- tricks and jokes,
- games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

Contains more than 0.1 % of Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers by weight. 1. Shall not be used as substances on their own, as a constituent in other substances or in mixtures for industrial and professional use(s) after 24 August 2023, unless:

(a) the concentration of diisocyanates individually and in combination is less than 0,1 % by weight, or (b) the employer or self-employed ensures that industrial or professional user(s) have successfully completed training on the safe use of diisocyanates prior to the use of the substance(s) or mixture(s).

2. Shall not be placed on the market as substances on their own, as a constituent in other substances or in mixtures for industrial and professional use(s) after 24 February 2022, unless:

(a) the concentration of diisocyanates individually and in combination is less than 0,1 % by weight, or (b) the supplier ensures that the recipient of the substance(s) or mixture(s) is provided with information on the requirements referred to in point (b) of paragraph 1 and the following statement is placed on the packaging, in a manner that is visibly distinct from the rest of the label information: "As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use".

3. For the purpose of this entry "industrial and professional user(s)" means any worker or self-employed worker handling diisocyanates on their own, as a constituent in other substances or in mixtures for industrial and professional use(s) or supervising these tasks.

4. The training referred to in point (b) of paragraph 1 shall include the instructions for the control of dermal and inhalation exposure to diisocyanates at the workplace without prejudice to any national occupational exposure limit value or other appropriate risk management measures at national level. Such training shall be conducted by an expert on occupational safety and health with competence acquired by relevant vocational training. That training shall cover as a minimum:

(a) the training elements in point (a) of paragraph 5 for all industrial and professional use(s).

(b) the training elements in points (a) and (b) of paragraph 5 for the following uses:

- handling open mixtures at ambient temperature (including foam tunnels)
- spraying in a ventilated booth
- application by roller
- application by brush
- application by dipping and pouring
- mechanical post treatment (e.g. cutting) of not fully cured articles which are not warm anymore
- cleaning and waste
- any other uses with similar exposure through the dermal and/or inhalation route

(c) the training elements in points (a), (b) and (c) of paragraph 5 for the following uses:

- handling incompletely cured articles (e.g. freshly cured, still warm)
- foundry applications
- maintenance and repair that needs access to equipment
- open handling of warm or hot formulations (> 45 °C)
- spraying in open air, with limited or only natural ventilation (includes large industry working halls) and spraying with high energy (e.g. foams, elastomers)
- and any other uses with similar exposure through the dermal and/or inhalation route.

5. Training elements:

(a) general training, including on-line training, on:

- chemistry of diisocyanates
- toxicity hazards (including acute toxicity)
- exposure to diisocyanates
- occupational exposure limit values
- how sensitisation can develop
- odour as indication of hazard
- importance of volatility for risk
- viscosity, temperature, and molecular weight of diisocyanates
- personal hygiene
- personal protective equipment needed, including practical instructions for its correct use and its limitations
- risk of dermal contact and inhalation exposure
- risk in relation to application process used
- skin and inhalation protection scheme
- ventilation
- cleaning, leakages, maintenance
- discarding empty packaging
- protection of bystanders
- identification of critical handling stages
- specific national code systems (if applicable)
- behaviour-based safety

**SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)**

- certification or documented proof that training has been successfully completed
 - (b) intermediate level training, including on-line training, on:
 - additional behaviour-based aspects
 - maintenance
 - management of change
 - evaluation of existing safety instructions
 - risk in relation to application process used
 - certification or documented proof that training has been successfully completed
 - (c) advanced training, including on-line training, on:
 - any additional certification needed for the specific uses covered
 - spraying outside a spraying booth
 - open handling of hot or warm formulations (> 45 °C)
 - certification or documented proof that training has been successfully completed
6. The training shall comply with the provisions set by the Member State in which the industrial or professional user(s) operate. Member States may implement or continue to apply their own national requirements for the use of the substance(s) or mixture (s), as long as the minimum requirements set out in paragraphs 4 and 5 are met.
7. The supplier referred to in point (b) of paragraph 2 shall ensure that the recipient is provided with training material and courses pursuant to paragraphs 4 and 5 in the official language(s) of the Member State(s) where the substance(s) or mixture(s) are supplied. The training shall take into consideration the specificity of the products supplied, including composition, packaging, and design.
8. The employer or self-employed shall document the successful completion of the training referred to in paragraphs 4 and 5. The training shall be renewed at least every five years.
9. Member States shall include in their reports pursuant to Article 117(1) the following information:
- (a) any established training requirements and other risk management measures related to the industrial and professional uses of diisocyanates foreseen in national law
 - (b) the number of cases of reported and recognised occupational asthma and occupational respiratory and dermal diseases in relation to diisocyanates
 - (c) national exposure limits for diisocyanates, if there are any
 - (d) information about enforcement activities related to this restriction.
10. This restriction shall apply without prejudice to other Union legislation on the protection of safety and health of workers at the workplace.

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

Other legislation:

The product could be affected by sectorial legislation

15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**Legislation related to safety data sheets:**

The SDS shall be supplied in an official language of the country where the product is placed on the market. This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878).

Modifications related to the previous Safety Data Sheet which concerns the ways of managing risks.:

Not relevant

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral).

H312+H332: Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

**SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)**

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Acute Tox. 4: H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral).

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Classification procedure:

Skin Sens. 1: Calculation method

STOT SE 3: Calculation method

Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method

Aquatic Chronic 3: Calculation method

STOT RE 2: Calculation method

Acute Tox. 4: Calculation method

Asp. Tox. 1: Calculation method

Flam. Liq. 3: Calculation method (2.6.4.3)

Eye Irrit. 2: Calculation method

Advice related to training:

Training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

Principal bibliographical sources:

<http://echa.europa.eu>

<http://eur-lex.europa.eu>

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code

IATA: International Air Transport Association

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

BOD5: 5day biochemical oxygen demand

BCF: Bioconcentration factor

LD50: Lethal Dose 50

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50

EC50: Effective concentration 50

LogPOW: Octanolwater partition coefficient

Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

UFI: unique formula identifier

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at European and state level, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.